



The Secretariat's mission

- » Promote and coordinate Swedish polar research
- » Follow and plan research and development
- » Organise and lead research expeditions
- » Create favourable conditions for polar research without fieldwork
- » International negotiations and partnerships
- » Represent Sweden in polar matters
- » Issues permits according to the Swedish Antarctic Ordinance (2006:1111)



Infrastructure

The research platforms are continuously developed and adapted to meet the needs of scientists



Abisko Scientific Research Station



Wasa and Svea in Antarctica



The icebreaker Oden



Icebreaker Oden

- » One of the world's most powerful icebreakers
- » Four engines, 24,500 hp
- » Versatile scientific equipment; research containers, scientific laboratories, deep ocean winches
- » Researchers are able to use the vessel based on their needs
- » Has been used for marine geology, oceanography, ecological research and atmospheric research in the Arctic and Antarctica
- » Owned by the Swedish Maritime Administration, expeditions are organised by us





Partnerships



The Research Council



Swedish Maritime Administration



Swedish National Space Agency



Swedish Meteorological and Hydrological Institute



Swedish Agency for Marine and Water Management



Geological Survey of Sweden



Universities: nationally and internationally



EU



National and international organisations



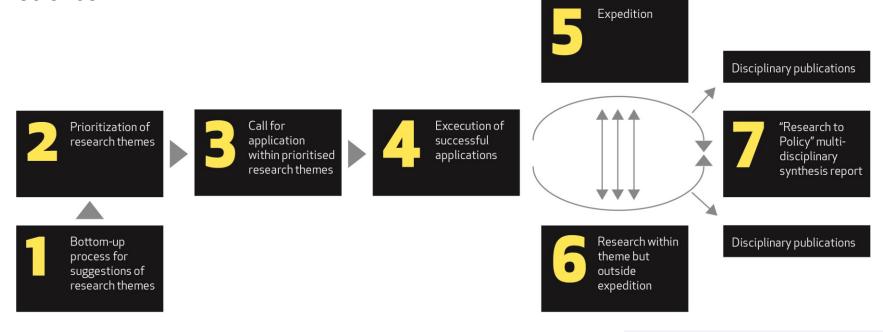
Global networks of researchers



Polar Research Process

- invitation to an innovative, multi-disciplinary, global coordination of polar

science



Questions and answers regarding the Polar Research Process

What is the Polar Research Process?

The Polar Research Process (PRP) is a regular recurring process within the Swedish Polar Research Secretariat's (SPRS) <u>support at the programme level</u>. The purpose of the support at the programme level is for SPRS to be able to plan and offer participation in larger and more complex field operations, based on the interests of the Swedish research community.

The PRP means that field operations are tied to large-scale research themes that are developed by researchers together and in collaboration with the SPRS.

Statistics from the open call 2020

The Large transdisciplinar/multidisciplinar Themes. Main applicants from Swedish universities in collaboration with international partners.

115 applicants, 102 unique

29 international departements

9 different countries represented: Denmark, Finland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Russia, Great Britain, US and Sweden

Polar Research Process: Open for partners!

Tentative timetable for IB Oden 2021 - 2024

Year	Expedition	Geographical area	Partners	Acronym
2021	Synoptic Arctic Survey	Arctic Ocean	SPRS, ARICE	SAS 2021
2022	Arctic Ocean Paleoceanography	Lomonosov Ridge	SPRS, ECORD	ArcOP 2022
2023	Atmospheric rivers and the onset of sea-ice melt	Arctic Ocean	SPRS, open to partners	ARTofMELT, Polar Research Process
2023	Eurasian-Arctic shelf-basin interactions of climate-cryosphere-carbon-contaminants	Eurasian Arctic Arktis och transpolära driften	SPRS, open to partners	EURASIAN ARCTIC C4, Polar Research Process
2024	North Greenland Earth-Ocean-Ecosystem Observatory	Northern Greenland	SPRS, open to partners	GEOEO, Polar Research Process

Upcoming calls

- ARTofMELT expedition to the Arctic Ocean in 2023
- EURASIAN ARCTIC C4 Expedition along Eurasian-Arctic slopes and the Transpolar Drift in 2023
- GEOEO expedition to north of Greenland in 2024





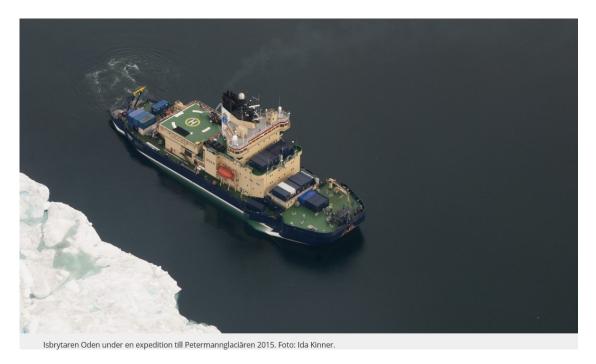
Synoptic Arctic Survey 2021

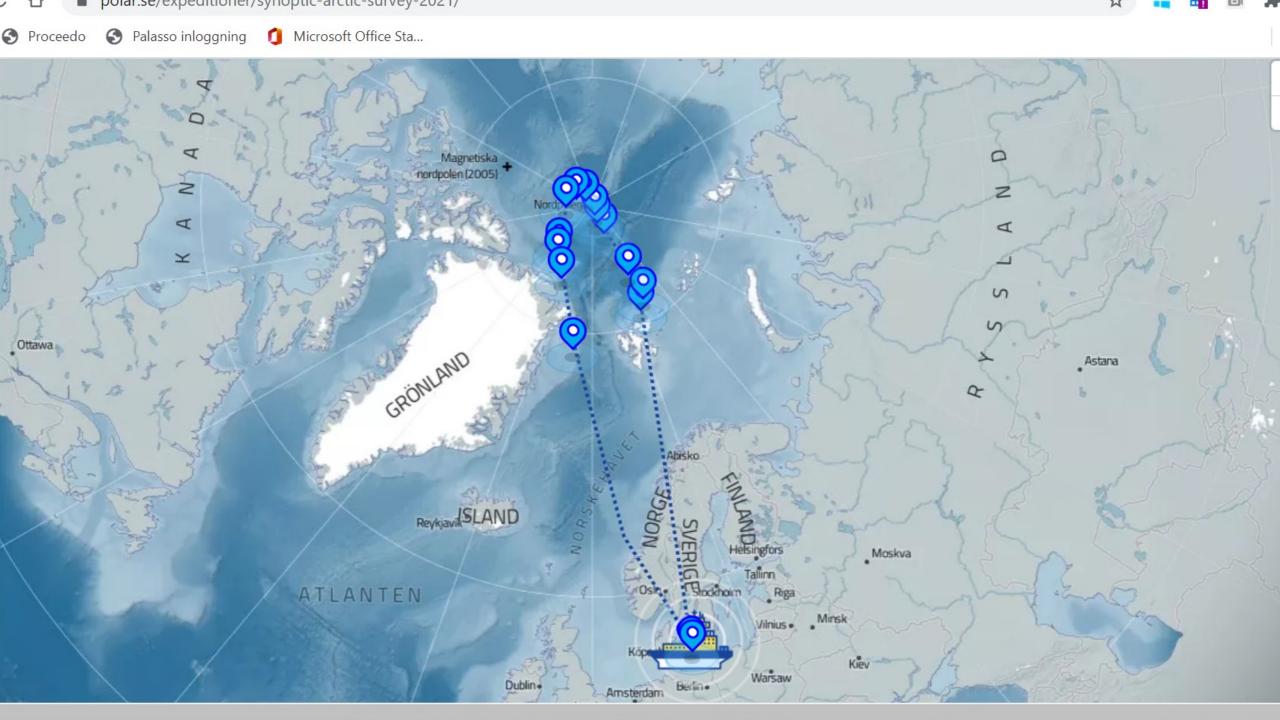
August-September 2021, the Swedish Polar Research Secretariat conducted the Synoptic Arctic Survey (SAS) expedition in the Arctic Ocean with the Swedish icebreaker Oden.

The expedition was part of an international expedition where Oden is one of twelve research vessels that will map the Arctic Ocean in 2020, 2021 and 2022.

The expedition is organized around three major research areas

- •Physical drivers of importance to the ecosystem and carbon cycle
- •The ecosystem response
- •The carbon cycle and ocean acidification





Synoptic Arctic Survey 2021

Scope of Work

Version 2021-06-21

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7.18	Opportunistic sampling



IB Oden at the North Pole 16 august 2021 kl 20.46 UTC







Polarforskningssekretariatet 2021-12-01



Polarforskningssekretariatet 2021-12-01

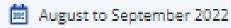
Arctic Ocean Paleoceanography, ArcOP 2022

» The European Consortium for Ocean Research Drilling (ECORD), the Swedish Polar Research Secretariat (SPRS) and Arctic Marine Solutions (AMS) will jointly conduct an expedition of the International Ocean Discovery Program (IODP), focused on the Arctic Ocean - a key location in global climate change.

An international team of scientists, led by the Co-chief Scientists Prof. Ruediger Stein (MARUM – Center for Marine Environmental Sciences at the University of Bremen, Germany) and Prof. Kristen St. John (Dept. of Geology and Environmental Science, James Madison University, USA), will collect about 900 m of sediment cores at two sites along the Lomonosov Ridge.



Fast facts



Arctic Ocean, The Lomonosov Ridge

🙇 Drilling vessel: Dina Polaris (Norway)

Chernomyrdin (Russia)

Co-Chief Scientists: Rüdiger Stein and Kristen St. John

Press release: Expedition will reveal how the climate has changed over 50 million years





2023, **April** – **June**

The North-Atlantic sector of the ice-covered Arctic Ocean

Open for international partners!

» Scientific theme: Atmospheric rivers and the onset of sea-ice melt (ARTofMELT)

- » Atmospheric sciences: meteorology, atmospheric chemistry, aerosols and aerosol/cloud inter-action and air pollution transport
- » Physics and chemistry of snow, as melt starts
- » Sea-ice physics; ice response to a changing surface energy budget
- » Upper-ocean mixing and heat transfer, from the ice and downward
- » Marine chemistry, biology and biogeochemistry
- » Coupled vertical fluxes of energy, momentum, gases and matter between all of the above

2023, July – September Eurasian Arctic; Kara Sea & Lomonosov Ridge

Open for international partners!

- » Scientific Theme: the functioning and response of the Ocean and Cryosphere systems and their linkages to large-scale biogeochemical cycles under present and historical changes to the climate.
- » Shelf-Basin dispersal and biogeochemical fate of CH4 and other GHG
- » Shelf-Basin dispersal and biogeochemical fate of organic matter released to the shelf system from thawing permafrost
- » Shelf-Basin dispersal of severe shelf-observed Ocean Acidification
- » Contaminant transport to and distribution in the Arctic Ocean
- » Methane release from collapsing slope hydrates
- » Massive C/N/GHG remobilization during earlier warming and sea-level rise
- » Atlantification and effects on high-Arctic sea ice

2024, July – September; North of Greenland

Open for international partners! »

- » Theme of the expedition: The North Greenland Marine Cryosphere in a Changing Climate
- » Unravelling the Late Glacial to Holocene history and dynamics of the North Greenland Ice Sheet
- » Investigating the interaction between ecosystem community composition, anthropogenic dynamics and climate fluctuations
- » Quantifying ecosystem production and nutrient state in changing marine ecosystems north of Greenland
- » Mapping of the remote ocean frontiers (<20% of the seafloor in the Arctic Ocean has been directly mapped)
- » Mapping the presence of gas hydrates in marine sediments and gas in water column and atmosphere
- » Numerical modelling of the ice-ocean-atmosphere-geodynamic system

Suggestion by a Swedish governmental investigation on research infrastructure: A new swedish climate neutral heavy research icebreaker with capacity for year round research

"Krantz-Investigation"

» "To secure access to polar research vessels, the inquiry proposes that Sweden build its own polar research vessel to replace the current polar research vessel Oden. A new construction would mean a considerable increase in ambition for Swedish polar research, the investigator states, and proposes that the investment be financed from the state budget." (Public 2021-08-11)





DN DEBATT

DN Debatt. "Utveckla politiska styrningen av forskningens infrastrukturer"



UPPDATERAD 2021-08-12 PUBLICERAD 2021-08-10



På sikt kommer det nuvarande polarforskningsfartyget Oden att behöva tas ur bruk. Min bedömning är att Sverige då bör satsa på ett nytt fartyg för att inte sänka ambitionerna i polarforskningen, skriver Tobias Krantz. Foto: Roger Lundsten/TT

DN DEBATT 11/8.

Tobias Krantz, regeringsutredare: Inrätta en ny myndighet för forskningsinfrastruktur av särskilt nationellt intresse. International coordination is a great idea!

